

**MATHEMATICS**  
**Monday October 17 2016**  
**Fourth Exercise Class**

- 1) Verify that  $a_n = 3 - \frac{1}{n^2+1}$  approaches  $L = 3$  for  $n \rightarrow +\infty$ .
- 2) Verify that  $a_n = (-1)^n$  does not admit limit.
- 3) Verify whether the sequence  $a_n = (-\frac{1}{n})_{n=1}^{\infty}$  is bounded from below, bounded from above, or bounded.
- 3) Verify whether the sequence  $a_n = (1 - n^2)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  is bounded from below, bounded from above, or bounded.

Sol: bounded

- 4) Study domain, sign and axis-intercepts of the following functions

Sol: bounded from above

- $y = \frac{5 \cos x}{1+2 \cos x}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D_y &= \mathbb{R} \left\{ \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2\pi i \right\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} \cup \left\{ 2\pi i - \frac{2}{3} \right\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} \\
 S_y : + &\rightarrow \left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \cup \left( \frac{2}{3}\pi, \frac{4}{3}\pi \right) \cup \left( \frac{3}{2}\pi, 2\pi \right); - \rightarrow \left( \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{2}{3}\pi \right) \cup \left( \frac{4}{3}\pi, \frac{3}{2}\pi \right) \\
 I_y : \frac{5}{3} &\quad I_x : \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\pi \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

- $y = \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}$

$$D_y = \mathbb{R}^+ \{0\} \cup \{\pi + 2\pi i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

$$S_y : + \rightarrow x > 1; \quad - \rightarrow x < 1$$

$$I_y : \text{Impossible} \quad I_x : x = 1$$

- $y = \frac{\ln(|\sin x + \cos x|)}{3^{2 \sin x} - 4 \cdot 3^{\sin x} + 3}$

$$D_y = \mathbb{R} \left\{ \left( \frac{3}{4}\pi, \frac{7}{4}\pi, \frac{\pi}{2}, 0 \right) + 2\pi i \right\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

$$S_y : + \rightarrow \left( \pi, \frac{3}{2}\pi \right); \quad - \rightarrow (0, \pi) \cup \left( \frac{3}{2}\pi, 2\pi \right)$$

$$I_y : y = 0 \quad I_x : x = 0$$

- $y = \frac{\ln(1 - \sin^2 x)}{x e^{\sin x}}$

$$D_y = \mathbb{R} \{0\} \cup \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi i, \frac{3}{2}\pi + 2\pi i \right\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

$$S_y : + \rightarrow x < 0; \quad - \rightarrow x > 0$$

$$I_y : \text{Impossible}; \quad I_x : \{\pi, 2\pi\}$$

- $y = \frac{\log(1+x^2)}{\sin x - x}$

$$D_y = \mathbb{R} \{0\}$$

$$S_y : + \rightarrow x < 0; \quad - \rightarrow x > 0$$

$$I_y : \text{Impossible}; \quad I_x : \text{Impossible}$$