

Mathematics I A

First Practice: Solutions

1. Determine the truth values of \mathcal{P} , \mathcal{Q} , $\mathcal{P} \wedge \mathcal{Q}$ and $\mathcal{P} \vee \mathcal{Q}$ for each of the following pairs of logical propositions:

- a) \mathcal{P} : A whale is an animal.
 \mathcal{Q} : A whale is a plant.
- b) \mathcal{P} : Dublin is the capital of Ireland.
 \mathcal{Q} : $2 > 3$.
- c) \mathcal{P} : 3 is an even number.
 \mathcal{Q} : $4 \in (-\infty, 5) \cup [6, +\infty]$.

Solution:

	a)	b)	c)
\mathcal{P}	<i>True</i>	<i>True</i>	<i>False</i>
\mathcal{Q}	<i>False</i>	<i>False</i>	<i>True</i>
$\mathcal{P} \wedge \mathcal{Q}$	<i>False</i>	<i>False</i>	<i>False</i>
$\mathcal{P} \vee \mathcal{Q}$	<i>True</i>	<i>True</i>	<i>True</i>

2. Determine the truth values of \mathcal{P} , $\neg \mathcal{Q}$, $\mathcal{P} \wedge (\neg \mathcal{Q})$ and $\mathcal{P} \vee (\neg \mathcal{Q})$ for each of the following pairs of propositions:

- a) \mathcal{P} : 3 is a rational number.
 \mathcal{Q} : $\sqrt{2}$ is a rational number.
- b) \mathcal{P} : $0 \notin (-3, 0) \cap [0, 3]$.
 \mathcal{Q} : $(-\infty, 2] \cap [1, +\infty] = [1, 2]$.

Solution:

	a)	b)
\mathcal{P}	<i>True</i>	<i>True</i>
$\neg \mathcal{Q}$	<i>True</i>	<i>False</i>
$\mathcal{P} \wedge (\neg \mathcal{Q})$	<i>True</i>	<i>False</i>
$\mathcal{P} \vee (\neg \mathcal{Q})$	<i>True</i>	<i>True</i>

3. Determine if the following subsets of real numbers are open, closed or neither; for each of them describe the set of interior, exterior, and boundary points:

$$A := [0, 1]; \quad B := [-1, 1]; \quad C := (-1, 1);$$

$$D := [-1, 2); \quad E := (-\infty, 1]; \quad F := [-1, 3] \cup [4, 5];$$

Solution:

		<i>Interior points</i>	<i>Exterior points</i>	<i>Boundary points</i>
<i>A</i>	<i>closed</i>	$(0, 1)$	$(-\infty, 0) \cup (1, \infty)$	$\{0, 1\}$
<i>B</i>	<i>closed</i>	$(-1, 1)$	$(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$	$\{-1, 1\}$
<i>C</i>	<i>open</i>	$(-1, 1)$	$(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$	$\{-1, 1\}$
<i>D</i>	—	$(-1, 2)$	$(-\infty, -1) \cup (2, \infty)$	$\{-1, 2\}$
<i>E</i>	<i>closed</i>	$(-\infty, 1)$	$(1, \infty)$	$\{1\}$
<i>F</i>	<i>closed</i>	$(-1, 3) \cup (4, 5)$	$(-\infty, -1) \cup (3, 4) \cup (5, \infty)$	$\{-1, 3, 4, 5\}$

4. For each of the following subsets in \mathbb{R} find the infimum (*inf*) and the supremum (*sup*); describe the minimum (*min*) and the maximum (*max*) too, if they exist:

$$A := [1, 2]; \quad B := [1, 2); \quad C := (0, +\infty);$$

$$D := \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}; \quad E := \left\{ \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}; \quad F := \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x^2 < 9\};$$

Solution:

	<i>inf</i>	<i>sup</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>
A	1	2	1	2
B	1	2	1	\nexists
C	0	$+\infty$	\nexists	\nexists
D	0	1	\nexists	1
E	-1	1/2	-1	1/2
$F = (-3, 3)$	-3	3	\nexists	\nexists

5. Given the following subsets of \mathbb{R} :

$$A := (-\infty, 1) \quad B := (-\infty, 1]$$

$$C := (1, +\infty) \quad D := [1, +\infty)$$

$$E := [0, 3] \quad F := (-6, 6)$$

compute the set operations:

$$\begin{array}{llll} a) & A \cup B; & b) & A \cap B; & c) & B \cup F; & d) & B \cup C; \\ e) & A \cup C; & f) & B \setminus A; & g) & \mathbb{R} \setminus A; & h) & D \cap E; \end{array}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{array}{llll} a) & (-\infty, 1]; & b) & (-\infty, 1); & c) & (-\infty, 6); & d) & \mathbb{R}; \\ e) & \mathbb{R} \setminus \{1\}; & f) & \{1\}; & g) & [1, +\infty); & h) & [1, 3]; \end{array}$$