

# Introduction to Statistical Learning

*Introduction to Statistical Learning*  
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# STATISTICAL LEARNING

- *Statistical learning theory* is a framework for machine learning
- Mainly interested in prediction
- Applications in text mining, image processing, speech recognition, bioinformatics etc..

# PREREQUISITES

- Introductory Statistics
- Mathematics (Probability theory)
- Statistical Inference

## TEXTBOOKS

- Witten J.D., Hastie T., Tibshirani R. (2014). An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R. Springer, Springer Series in Statistics
- Chatfield, C. and Collins, A. J. (1981) Introduction to Multivariate Analysis, Chapman & Hall/CRC Press
- Everitt, B. S. and Hothorn, T. (2006) A Handbook of Statistical Analyses Using R. CRC Press. Available for free at:  
<http://www.ecostat.unical.it/tarsitano/Didattica/LabStat2/Everitt.pdf>

Additional (more technical) reading:

- Hastie T., Tibshirani R., Friedman J. (2009). The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction, Second Edition. Springer, Springer Series in Statistics. Available for free at:  
<https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn/>

# INFORMATIONS

- Statistical Learning, 9 ECTS:
  - 6 ECTS will be held by me
  - 3 ECTS will be held by Prof. Alessio Farcomeni
- Midterm exam: October 24, 2024 (last lecture of the first part).
- Written exam.
- An oral proof may be required from the students.

# MAIN TOPICS

- Introduction to R software
- Linear regression
- Logistic regression
- Poisson regression
- Principal component analysis
- Cluster analysis
- Machine learning methods for supervised learning
- Modern applications: text mining, image processing

# FIRST WEEK PLAN

- Introduction to the R software, practicums on the pre-requisites.
- You are encouraged to replicate my analyses on your laptops.

# STATISTICAL SOFTWARE: WHY?

Statistical software are specialized computer programs for analysis in statistics and econometrics.

- Huge amount of data are modelled in a simple way (descriptive or inferential analyses are easily manageable)
- Often the estimation of unknown model parameters requires numerical approximation, e.g. often there is no closed form solution to the maximization (or integration) of the likelihood function
- Programming languages allow to extend existing models or develop model created *ad hoc* in particular circumstances



# R AND RStudio

- ① R is a programming language for statistical computing and graphics
- ② RStudio is an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for R

Main features:

- Data processing
- Programming

\*Several tutorials for the download and installation are online available: for example [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cX532N\\_XLIIs](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cX532N_XLIIs)

## R AND RStudio

R packages (libraries) are extensions to the R statistical programming language.

- Libraries contain code, data, and documentation
- R is open source: packages are developed from users (in most of the cases researchers)
- Nice introduction to R: <https://www.slideshare.net/bcbbslides/an-introduction-to-r>