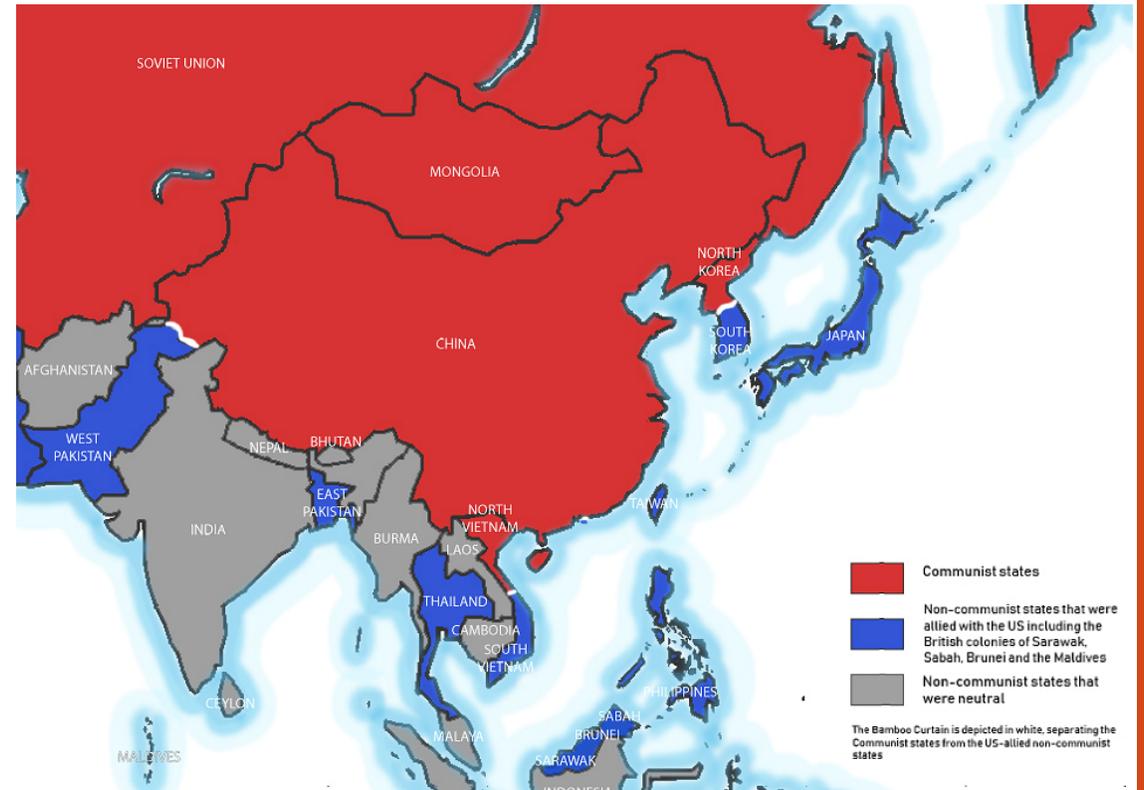


**CHATHAM HOUSE – CFR,  
AND CHINA POLICY DURING  
THE KOREAN WAR  
(1950-1953)**

ARIN DEMİRTAŞ - 298905

# BACKGROUND

- Beginning of a new era
- Uneasy times in South East Asia
- Differences between the Allies
- A need to overcome these differences
- Establishment of a study group between CFR and Catham house



# TO FIND A COMMON GROUND

- Think-tanks as a tool for foreign policy discussions
- Korean War and the result of Chinese civil war creates division between US-UK
- A need to find a common ground
- Think-tanks once again come into the scene



# DIFFERENCES BETWEEN US AND UK FOREIGN POLICIES

## UK

- Recognizes People's Republic of China
- Has economic self-interests
- Has to appease India
- Sees Taiwan as a lost-cause
- Europe is the main theatre
- Does not want to exclude PRC from the UN

## US

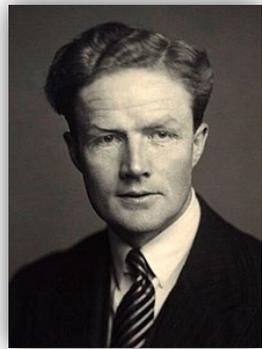
- Does not recognize PRC
- Interests on a global scale
- Fierce anti-communism within the government
- Values Taiwan
- Wants to focus on Asia as well as Europe
- Does not want another communist nation in the UN

# INITIAL STEPS AND ARGUMENTS

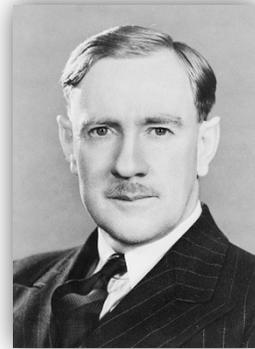
- Thanks to CFR's strict non-attribution policy lots of important figures are able to speak up and explain their nations' own perspectives, interests, and policies.
- Communication between UK and US is secured.
- A joint study group is formed to address issues at hand.



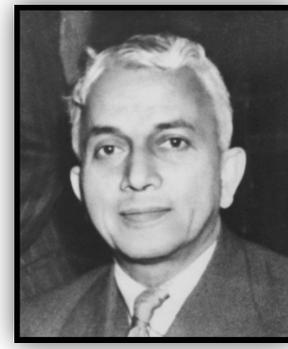
Allan Dulles



Kenneth Younger



Percy Spender



Bengal Narsing Rau

# GROUP BEGINS ITS WORK

- First US meetings takes place, focusing on Asia, and released memorandum on **British Policy in the Far East.**
- Second and third US meetings generates a sympathy towards British position.
- British respond to the memorandum keeping their pragmatic stance.
- Catham House states «**you have to accept governments and people as you find them.**»
- US policies start to become untenable.
- More meetings and talks take place later on.

# FINALIZING THE REPORT

- As report was finalizing so was the Korean War which led to an ease in the tensions generated by aforementioned differences.
- A joint statement was made covering US and UK policies and the reasoning behind them. Report accepted the fact that neither US nor UK was ready to change their policies.
- Differences remained unsolved.

# CONCLUSIONS

