ESERCITAZIONE di MATEMATICA GENERALE - CLEF

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Teoria degli Insiemi per i Numeri Reali \mathbb{R}

Es. 1. Si rappresentino in modo Grafico e sotto forma Intervallo i seguenti insiemi:

(1)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 2 < x \le 5\}$$

(2)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | x < \frac{5}{7}, x > \sqrt{3}\}$$

(3)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | x \ge -2\} \cap \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x \le 3\}$$

(4)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 1 \le x < 3\} \cap \{x \in \mathbb{R} | \frac{1}{2} < x \le 3\}$$

(5)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -1\} \cap \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -\frac{6}{5} \le x \le -\sqrt{3}\}$$
 (10) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x = -\sqrt{2}\} \cup \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x > \sqrt{2}\}$

(6)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | x < 2\} \cap \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x > 2\}$$

(7)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | x \le -2\} \cup \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x \ge -1\}$$

(8)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | -1 \le x < 1\} \cup \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x > 1\}$$

(4)
$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 1 \le x < 3\} \cap \{x \in \mathbb{R} | \frac{1}{2} < x \le 3\}$$
 (9) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} | -\frac{\pi}{2} < x \le 0\} \cup \{x \in \mathbb{R} | 0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

 $\bullet \quad A^{\mathcal{C}}, \quad B^{\mathcal{C}}; \quad A \cap B \quad A^{\mathcal{C}} \cap B, \quad A \cap B^{\mathcal{C}}, \quad A^{\mathcal{C}} \cap B^{\mathcal{C}}; \quad A \cup B \quad A^{\mathcal{C}} \cup B, \quad A \cup B^{\mathcal{C}}, \quad A^{\mathcal{C}} \cup B^{\mathcal{C}}.$

Si rappresenti ciascuno di tali insiemi sulla Retta Orientata \mathbb{R} e sotto forma di Intervallo.

(1)
$$\mathbf{A} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x \le \frac{2}{5} \}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x > 0 \}.$$

(2)
$$\mathbf{A} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | -1 \le x \le 2\}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x < 0\}.$$

(3)
$$\mathbf{A} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | x < 2\} \cup \{x = 3\}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | 3 < x < 5\}.$$

(4)
$$\mathbf{A} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | -1 \le x \le 1\}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} | -\frac{1}{2} < x < 7\}.$$

Es. 3. Calcolare il risultato delle seguenti operazioni sugli insiemi dati e rappresentarli Graficamente e sotto forma di **Intervallo**:

(3.1)
$$\mathbf{A} = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -7 \le x < 1 \}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \ge 0 \}, \\ \mathbf{C} = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -1 \}, \quad \mathbf{D} = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -2 < x \le 3 \}.$$

(1)
$$\mathbf{A}^{\mathcal{C}}$$
, $\mathbf{B}^{\mathcal{C}}$, $\mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}}$, $\mathbf{D}^{\mathcal{C}}$;

$$(2) (\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{D}) \cap (\mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}} \cup \mathbf{B}^{\mathcal{C}})$$

(3)
$$\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B}^{\mathcal{C}} \cap \mathbf{D}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

(4)
$$(\mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}} \cup \mathbf{A}) \setminus \mathbf{D}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

(5)
$$(\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{C} \cap \mathbf{D}) \cup \mathbf{B}$$

(6)
$$(\mathbf{B} \cup \mathbf{C}) \cap \mathbf{D}$$

(7)
$$\mathbf{B} \cup (\mathbf{C} \cap \mathbf{D})^{\mathcal{C}}$$

(8)
$$(\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B}^C) \setminus \mathbf{D}$$

(9)
$$\mathbf{A} \setminus (\mathbf{B}^{\mathcal{C}} \cap \mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}})$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{15}{3} \right], \quad \mathbf{C} = \left(\frac{19}{8} \pi, +\infty \right).$$

(1)
$$\mathbf{A}^{\mathcal{C}}, \mathbf{B}^{\mathcal{C}}, \mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

(2)
$$\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B} \cap \mathbf{C}$$

(3)
$$\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B} \cup \mathbf{C}$$

$$(4) \mathbf{B} \cap \mathbf{A},$$

(5)
$$\mathbf{A}^{\mathcal{C}} \cap \mathbf{B}^{\mathcal{C}}$$
,

(6)
$$\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

(7)
$$\mathbf{B} \cup \mathbf{C}$$

(8)
$$\mathbf{B} \cap \mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

$$(9) \ (\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B}) \cap \mathbf{C},$$

$$(10) \ (\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B})^{\mathcal{C}} \cap \mathbf{C},$$

(11)
$$(\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B}) \cap \mathbf{C}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

Topologia della Retta Reale $\mathbb R$

Es. 4. Per ciascuno dei seguenti sottoinsiemi di \mathbb{R} si dica se sono **Aperti**, **Chiusi** o né **Aperti** né **Chiusi**. Inoltre si calcoli l'**Interno**, la **Frontiera**, i **Punti di Accumulazione** :

$$(1) (-\infty, +\infty)$$

$$(2) \emptyset$$

$$(3) (-1,0)$$

$$(4) [-2,2]$$

(6)
$$(-\infty, -8]$$

$$(7) \{\pi\}$$

$$(8) \{e\}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

$$(9) \{3\} \cup [0,1]$$

$$(10)$$
 $[1,3) \cup [3,5]$

$$(11)$$
 $(1,2) \cup [-1,0]$

$$(12) \ (-\infty, -1]^{\mathcal{C}}$$

$$(13) [0,2] \cup (2,6)$$

$$(14) [0,5] \cap [5,10]$$

$$(15) \ [-1,\sqrt{3}] \cap [0,\frac{3}{2}]$$

$$(16) \ [0,\sqrt{13}] \setminus \mathbb{N}$$

$$(17) \ (-\infty, -1) \cup \{0\} \cup \left[\frac{1}{10}, 1\right]$$

$$(18) \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{N}$$

Ricerca di Estremi di un Insieme

Es. 5. Dire se i seguenti insiemi sono limitati inferiormente o superiormente e, in caso affermativo, trovare l'estremo inferiore o l'estremo superiore.

Dire se si tratta di minimi o massimi.

$$(1) \ [-3, +\infty) \subseteq \mathbb{R}$$

$$(2) \ (-1,0) \subseteq \mathbb{R}$$

$$(3) \ [-\sqrt{2}, 3] \subseteq \mathbb{R}$$

$$(4) \ \left[-\sqrt{3}, \frac{7}{2}\right] \cap \mathbb{Q}$$

$$(5) [-2,1] \cap \mathbb{N}$$

(6)
$$\mathbf{A} = \{ \frac{1}{n+2} : n \in \mathbb{N} \}$$

(7)
$$\mathbf{A}' = \mathbf{A} \cup [0, 1]$$

(8)
$$\mathbf{A}'' = \left\{ \left(\frac{n+1}{n} \right)^n : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

(9)
$$\mathbf{B} = \{ \frac{2n}{n^2+1} : n \in \mathbb{N} \}$$

(10)
$$\mathbf{C} = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x^2 \le 2 \}$$

(11)
$$\mathbf{D} = \{ n - \frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N} \}$$

(12)
$$\mathbf{E} = \{n^2 + 3n - 1 : n \in \mathbb{N}\}\$$

$$(13) \mathbf{F} = \{2^x : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$