

Sampling

Statistics

What is a random sample?

$X = (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$ n random variables i.i.d.

What is a statistics?

A statistics is a function of the sample that does not depend on any unknown parameter

Statistics

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n}$$

$$\text{Max}(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$S^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{n}$$

$$\text{Min}(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

Statistics

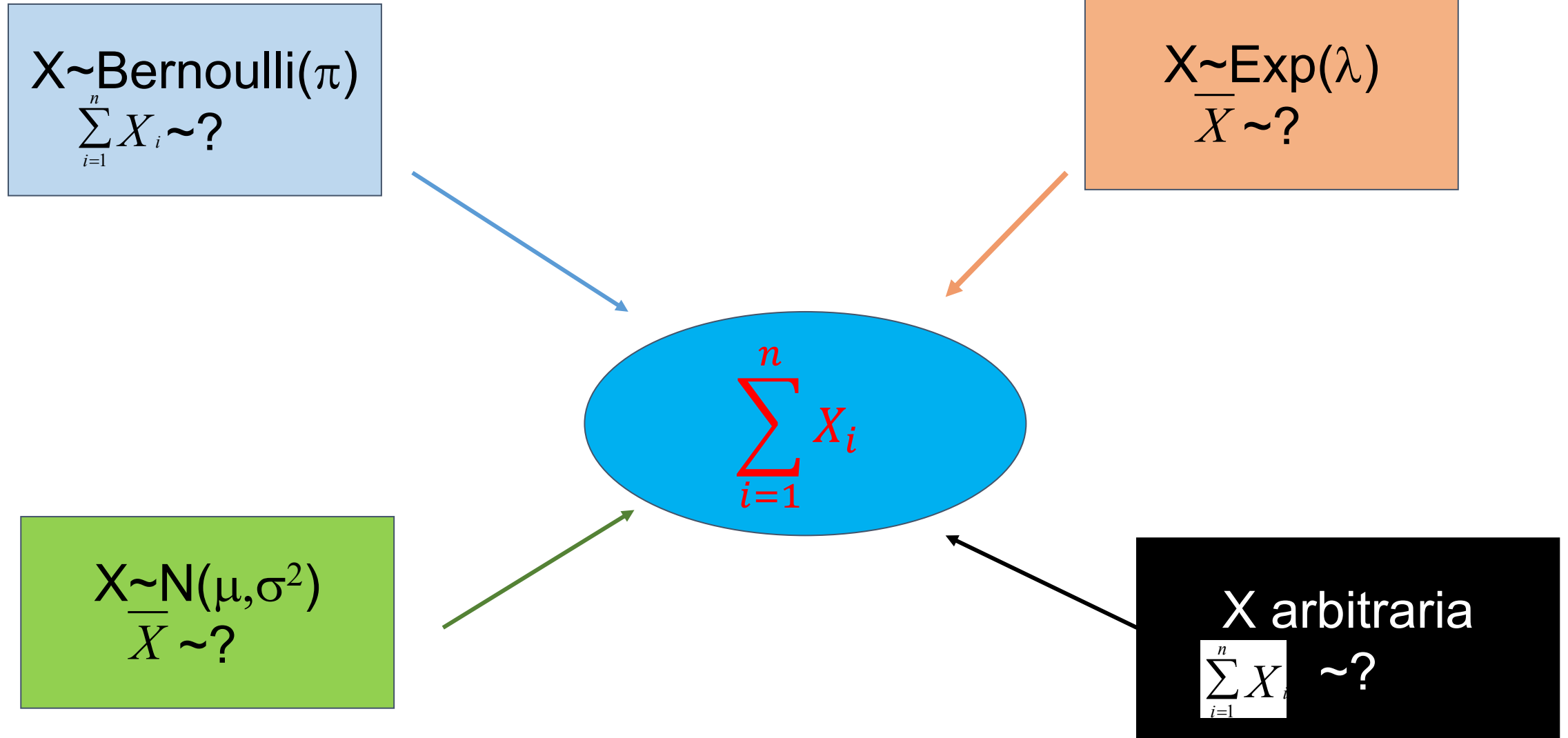
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$$\text{Max}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$s^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n}$$

$$\text{Min}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

Distribution sample sum?



Distribution sample sum/sample mean?

$$X \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\pi)$$
$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim \text{Binomiale}(\pi, n)$$

$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$
$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim \text{Gamma}(n, 1/\lambda)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$
$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim N(\mu, n\sigma^2)$$

X arbitraria

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim N(\mu, n\sigma^2)$$

Distribution of minimum e maximum?

$\text{Min}(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$



$$f_{X_{(1)}}(x) = n [1 - F(x)]^{n-1} f(x)$$

$\text{Max}(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$



$$f_{X_{(n)}}(x) = n [F(x)]^{n-1} f(x)$$

Distribution of minimum e maximum

$X \sim U(a,b)$?

$\text{Min}(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$



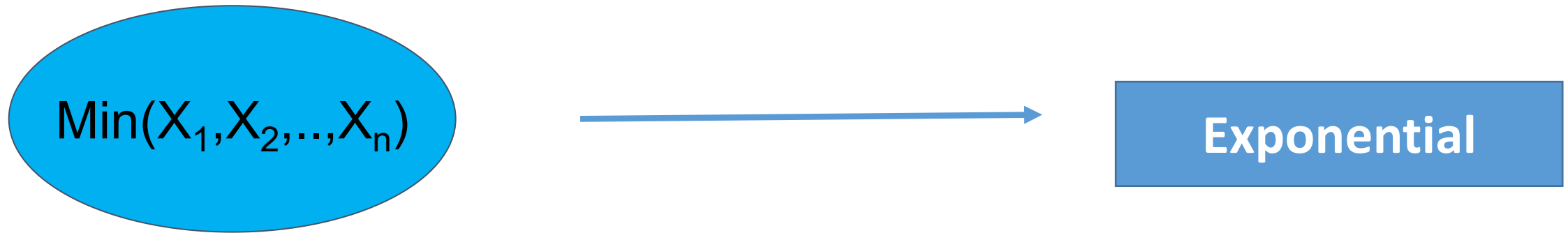
$$f_{X_{(1)}}(x) = \frac{n}{b-a} \left[\frac{b-x}{b-a} \right]^{n-1}$$

$\text{Max}(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$



$$f_{X_{(n)}}(x) = \frac{n}{b-a} \left[\frac{x-a}{b-a} \right]^{n-1}$$

Distribution of minimum of X is Exponential?



SMALL Samples

STATISTICS

Distribution

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\bar{X}$$

$$\max(X_i)$$

$$\min(X_i)$$

$X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
 σ^2 noto

$$N(n\mu, n\sigma^2)$$

$$N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$$

$X \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\pi)$

$$\text{Binom}(n, \pi)$$

$$\approx \text{Binom}(n, \pi)$$

$$\text{Bernoulli} \\ (1 - (1 - \pi)^n)$$

$$\text{Bernoulli}(\pi^n)$$

$X \sim \text{Uniform}(0, \theta)$

$$\theta \times \text{Beta}(n, 1) \\ f_{X(n)} = \frac{n}{\theta} \left(\frac{x}{\theta}\right)^{n-1} I_{[0, \theta]}(x)$$

$$\theta \times \text{Beta}(1, n) \\ f_{X(1)} = \frac{n}{\theta} \left(1 - \frac{x}{\theta}\right)^{n-1} I_{[0, \theta]}(x)$$

$X \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$

$$\Gamma(n, \lambda)$$

$$\Gamma(n, \lambda/n)$$

$$\text{Exponential}(\lambda/n).$$

LARGE Samples

STATISTICS

Distribution

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\bar{X}$$

$\max(X_i)$

$\min(X_i)$

$X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
 σ^2 noto

$N(n\mu, n\sigma^2)$

$N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$

$X \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\pi)$

$N(n\pi, n\pi(1-\pi))$

$N(\pi, \pi(1-\pi)/n)$

$X \sim \text{Uniform}(0, \theta)$

$N(n\theta/2, n\theta^2/12)$

$N(\theta/2, \theta^2/(12n))$

$X \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$

$N(n\lambda, n\lambda^2)$

$N(\lambda, \lambda^2/n)$