

A TERM INSURANCE with maturity of  $n = 20$  Years is issued for a life aged  $x = 60$

the sum insured  $C = 150,000\text{€}$  is paid at the end of the year of death if before maturity

Periodic premiums are paid in advance monthly up to the policy termination of amount  $p$  per month the technical interest rate is  $i = 5\%$ .

Compute

1.  $L_0^{\text{net}}$
2.  $\mathbb{E}[L_0^{\text{net}}]$
3. Evaluate  $p$  according to the equivalence principle using the standard ultimate life tables

Solution

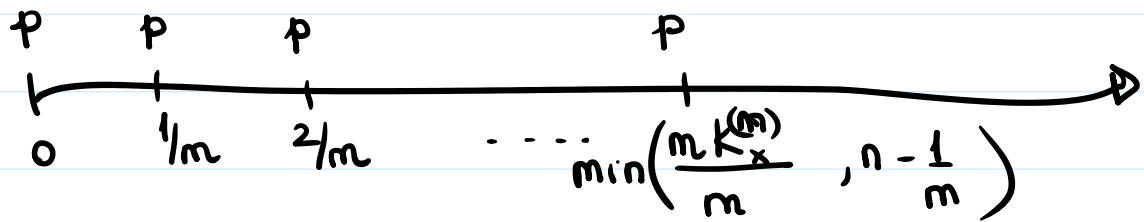
$$1. L_0^{\text{net}} = \text{PV}(\text{benefit}) - \text{PV}(\text{premiums})$$

BENEFIT

$$Z = C \cdot v^{K_x+1} \quad \mathbb{I}_{K_x \leq n-1}$$

PREMIUMS

$p$  monthly premium  
paid from  $t=0$  until  $\min(K_x^{(m)}, n - \frac{1}{m})$



# of payments is  $m \cdot K_x^{(m)} + 1$  if  $K_x^{(m)} < n$   
 $m \cdot n$  if  $K_x^{(m)} > n$

$$Y = p \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\min(m K_x^{(m)}, n \cdot m - 1)} v^{k/m}$$

$$= m p \cdot \left[ \frac{1}{m} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\min(K_x^{(m)} \cdot m, n \cdot m - 1)} v^{k/m} \right]$$

$$= m p \cdot \frac{1 - v^{\min(K_x^{(m)} + \frac{1}{m}, n)}}{d^{(m)}}$$

$$L_0^{\text{net}} = Z - Y$$

$$= c \cdot v^{K_x+1} \mathbb{1}_{K_x \leq n-1}$$

UNIT TERM  
INSURANCE

$$- m \cdot p \cdot \frac{1 - v^{\min(K_x^{(m)} + \frac{1}{m}, n)}}{d^{(m)}}$$

UNIT TERM ANNUITY  
PAID  $m$  TIMES PER  
YEAR

$$2. \quad E[L_0^{\text{net}}] = c \cdot A_{\overline{x:\overline{n}}} - n \cdot p \cdot \ddot{a}_{\overline{x:\overline{n}}}^{(n)}$$

$$= 150,000 A_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}} - 12 \cdot p \cdot \ddot{a}_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}}^{(2)}$$

$$A_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}} = A_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}} - {}_{20}E_{60} = 0.41040 - 0.29508$$

$$\ddot{a}_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}}^{(2)} \sim \ddot{a}_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}} - \frac{12-1}{2 \cdot 12} (1 - {}_{20}E_{60})$$

$$= 12.3816 - \frac{11}{24} (1 - 0.29508)$$

$$3. \quad 150,000 \cdot A_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}} = 12 \cdot p \cdot \ddot{a}_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}}^{(2)}$$

$$p = \frac{150,000 \cdot A_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}}}{12 \cdot \ddot{a}_{\overline{60:\overline{20}}}^{(2)}} \sim 119.54 \text{ €}$$